

## **9. Anhang**

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**Anhangstabelle 1: Resistenzmuster der *E. faecalis* -Isolate vom Rind**

☐ = sensibel, ◐ = intermediär, ◼ = resistent

Bedeutung der Abkürzungen: Pen = Penicillin, Amp = Ampicillin, A/C = Amoxicillin/Clavulansäure, Gen = Gentamicin (Hochresistenz), Tet = Tetrazyklin, Ery = Erythromycin, Tyl = Tylosin, Van = Vancomycin, Tei = Teicoplanin, Enr = Enrofloxacin, Q/D = Quinupristin/Dalfopristin, Chl = Chloramphenicol, Bac = Bacitracin, Fla = Flavomycin, Avi = Avilamycin

Stamm	antimikrobiell wirksame Substanz														
	Pen	Amp	A/C	Gen	Tet	Ery	Tyl	Van	Tei	Enr	Q/D	Chl	Bac	Fla	Avi
R1Ha						◐				◼					
R1HCvb											◐				
R2Ha						◐				◐	◼				
R3Ka						◐				◐					
R4HCa						◐				◼					
R5Ha						◐				◐	◼				
R5HCva					◼	◐				◐	◼				
R6Ha					◼	◐				◐	◼				
R6KCa											◐			◼	◼
R7Ha					◼	◐				◐	◼				
R8Ha					◼	◐				◐	◼				
R9Ha					◼	◐				◐	◼				
R11Ha										◐	◼				
R11Ka							◐			◐	◼				
R12Ha							◐			◐	◼				
R12Ka							◐			◐	◼				
R13Hb										◐	◼				
R13Ka						◐				◐	◼				
R14Ha										◐	◼				
R14HCva						◐				◐	◼				
R15HCa										◐	◼				
R19Ha										◐	◼				
R19HCb										◐	◼				
R19KCb										◐	◼			◼	
R20HCa						◐				◐	◼				
R24Ka						◐				◐	◼				
R26Ha										◐	◼				
R27Ha										◐	◼				
R28Ha										◐	◼				
R28KCa						◐				◐	◼				
R29Ha										◐	◼				
R29HCa						◐				◐	◼			◼	◼
R30Ha										◐	◼				
R30Ka						◐	◼			◐	◼				◼
R31Ha										◐	◼				

**Anhangstabelle 1 (Fortsetzung): Resistenzmuster der *E. faecalis*-Isolate vom Rind**

☐ = sensibel, ◐ = intermediär, ◼ = resistent

Bedeutung der Abkürzungen: Pen = Penicillin, Amp = Ampicillin, A/C = Amoxicillin/Clavulansäure, Gen = Gentamicin (Hochresistenz), Tet = Tetrazyklin, Ery = Erythromycin, Tyl = Tylosin, Van = Vancomycin, Tei = Teicoplanin, Enr = Enrofloxacin, Q/D = Quinupristin/Dalfopristin, Chl = Chloramphenicol, Bac = Bacitracin, Fla = Flavomycin, Avi = Avilamycin

Stamm	antimikrobiell wirksame Substanz														
	Pen	Amp	A/C	Gen	Tet	Ery	Tyl	Van	Tei	Enr	Q/D	Chl	Bac	Fla	Avi
R31Ka										◐	◼	◼			◼
R32Ha										◐	◼	◐	◼		
R32Ka						◐				◐	◼	◐			
R33Ha										◐	◼	◐			
R33Ka						◐				◐	◼	◐			
R34Ha										◐	◼	◐			
R34HCa										◐	◼	◐			
R34Ka						◐				◐	◼	◐			
R35Ha											◼	◐			
R35Ka					◼	◐				◐	◼	◐			
R36Ka						◐					◼	◐			
R37Ha											◐	◐			
R38Ha										◐	◼	◐			
R38HCa										◐	◼	◐			
R39Ha					◼	◼	◼				◼	◐	◼	◼	
R39HCb					◼	◼	◼				◼	◐	◼	◼	
R39Ka					◼	◼	◼				◼	◐	◼	◼	
R40Ha										◐	◼	◐			
R40KCa					◼	◼	◼				◼	◐	◼	◼	
R42Ha							◐			◐	◼	◐			◼
R43Ha										◐	◼	◐			
R44HCb					◼						◼	◐			
R45KCa										◐	◼	◐			
R46Ha										◐	◼	◐			
R47Ha										◐	◼	◐			
R48Ka						◐				◐	◼	◐	◼		
R50Ka										◐	◼	◐		◼	◼
R52Ka							◐			◐	◼	◐	◼		
R53Ka							◐			◐	◼	◐	◼		
R54Ha					◼	◐				◐	◼	◐	◼		
R55Ha											◼	◐			
R57Ka										◐	◼	◐			
R59Ha										◐	◼	◐			
R60Ka										◐	◼	◐		◼	

**Anhangstabelle 2: Resistenzmuster der *E. faecalis*-Isolate vom Schwein**

☐ = sensibel, ◻ = intermediär, ◼ = resistent

Bedeutung der Abkürzungen: Pen = Penicillin, Amp = Ampicillin, A/C = Amoxicillin/Clavulansäure, Gen = Gentamicin (Hochresistenz), Tet = Tetrazyklin, Ery = Erythromycin, Tyl = Tylosin, Van = Vancomycin, Tei = Teicoplanin, Enr = Enrofloxacin, Q/D = Quinupristin/Dalfopristin, Chl = Chloramphenicol, Bac = Bacitracin, Fla = Flavomycin, Avi = Avilamycin

Stamm	antimikrobiell wirksame Substanz														
	Pen	Amp	A/C	Gen	Tet	Ery	Tyl	Van	Tei	Enr	Q/D	Chl	Bac	Fla	Avi
S1Ha											◼				
S1Ka					◼	◼	◼			◻		◼			
S1KCva					◼							◻			
S3Ha											◼				
S3HCva					◼	◻						◻			
S3Ka				◼	◼	◼	◼					◻	◼		
S4Ha											◼				
S5Ha						◼					◼				
S5Ka					◼	◻				◼	◻	◻		◼	◼
S6Ha											◼				
S7Ka					◼	◻				◻		◼			
S8Ka						◻				◻		◻			
S9Ha						◻					◼				
S18Ha					◼	◻						◻			
S21Ka						◻				◻		◼			
S22Ha						◻				◻		◼			
S23Ka					◼						◼				
S25Ka						◻				◻		◻			
S26Ha					◼	◻				◻		◼			◼
S26HCva					◼	◻				◻		◼			◻
S27Ha					◼	◻				◼		◼			◼
S30Ha					◼					◻					
S30Ka					◼	◼	◼			◻		◼			
S32Ka					◼					◻		◼		◼	
S33Ka						◼					◼				
S34Ha										◻		◻			
S34Ka					◼	◼	◼			◻		◼			
S35Ha					◼					◻		◼			
S35Ka					◼	◼	◼			◻		◼			
S36Ha											◼				
S36HCva										◻		◼			
S37Ha										◻		◼			
S37HCa						◻						◻			
S39KCa										◻		◼			
S41Ka						◼	◼			◻		◼			

**Anhangstabelle 2 (Fortsetzung): Resistenzmuster der *E. faecalis*-Isolate vom Schwein**

□ = sensibel, □ = intermediär, ■ = resistent

Bedeutung der Abkürzungen: Pen = Penicillin, Amp = Ampicillin, A/C = Amoxicillin/Clavulansäure, Gen = Gentamicin (Hochresistenz), Tet = Tetrazyklin, Ery = Erythromycin, Tyl = Tylosin, Van = Vancomycin, Tei = Teicoplanin, Enr = Enrofloxacin, Q/D = Quinupristin/Dalfopristin, Chl = Chloramphenicol, Bac = Bacitracin, Fla = Flavomycin, Avi = Avilamycin

Stamm	antimikrobiell wirksame Substanz														
	Pen	Amp	A/C	Gen	Tet	Ery	Tyl	Van	Tei	Enr	Q/D	Chl	Bac	Fla	Avi
S42Ha										■	■				
S42KCa					■	■				■	■	■			
S43Ha											■				
S44Ha						■				■	■	■			
S44Ka											■				
S45Ha						■					■			■	
S46Ha						■				■	■				
S46HCa										■	■	■			
S46Ka					■	■	■			■	■	■			
S47Ha					■	■				■	■				
S47Ka										■	■	■			
S48Ha						■				■	■	■			
S51Ka										■	■	■			
S51KCva						■				■	■	■			■
S53Ka						■	■			■	■	■	■		■
S56Ha					■	■	■			■	■	■			■
S59Ha							■			■	■	■			■
S59HCva					■					■	■		■		
S59Ka					■					■	■	■			
S59KCva					■					■	■	■			
S61Ha										■	■	■			
S63Ha					■					■	■	■			
S65Ha										■	■	■			■
S65Ka										■	■	■			
S67Ha					■	■	■			■	■	■			
S70KCa					■					■	■	■			
S74Ha						■				■	■	■			
S77Ha										■	■	■			
S80Ka										■	■	■			
S81Ka											■	■			
S82Ha						■				■	■	■			
S83Ha										■	■	■			
S85Ha										■	■	■			
S86Ha										■	■	■			
S87Ha										■	■	■			

**Anhangstabelle 2 (Fortsetzung): Resistenzmuster der *E. faecalis*-Isolate vom Schwein**

☐ = sensibel,    ◐ = intermediär,    ◼ = resistent

Bedeutung der Abkürzungen: Pen = Penicillin, Amp = Ampicillin, A/C = Amoxicillin/Clavulansäure, Gen = Gentamicin (Hochresistenz), Tet = Tetrazyklin, Ery = Erythromycin, Tyl = Tylosin, Van = Vancomycin, Tei = Teicoplanin, Enr = Enrofloxacin, Q/D = Quinupristin/Dalfopristin, Chl = Chloramphenicol, Bac = Bacitracin, Fla = Flavomycin, Avi = Avilamycin

Stamm	antimikrobiell wirksame Substanz														
	Pen	Amp	A/C	Gen	Tet	Ery	Tyl	Van	Tei	Enr	Q/D	Chl	Bac	Fla	Avi
S87Ka					◼	◐					◐	◼	◐	◼	
S90Ka					◐						◐	◼		◼	
S90KCva					◼						◐	◼			
S91Ha						◐					◐	◼			
S92Ha						◐					◐	◼			
S93Ka						◐					◐	◼			
S94Ha											◐	◐			
S95Ha				◼	◼	◼	◼				◐	◼	◼		
S95KCva								◐			◐	◼			
S97Ka						◐					◐	◼			
S97KCva											◐	◼	◐		

**Anhangstabelle 3: Resistenzmuster der *E. faecalis*-Isolate aus Lebensmitteln**

☐ = sensibel, ◻ = intermediär, ◼ = resistent

Bedeutung der Abkürzungen: Pen = Penicillin, Amp = Ampicillin, A/C = Amoxicillin/Clavulansäure, Gen = Gentamicin (Hochresistenz), Tet = Tetrazyklin, Ery = Erythromycin, Tyl = Tylosin, Van = Vancomycin, Tei = Teicoplanin, Enr = Enrofloxacin, Q/D = Quinupristin/Dalfopristin, Chl = Chloramphenicol, Bac = Bacitracin, Fla = Flavomycin, Avi = Avilamycin

Stamm	antimikrobiell wirksame Substanz														
	Pen	Amp	A/C	Gen	Tet	Ery	Tyl	Van	Tei	Enr	Q/D	Chl	Bac	Fla	Avi
L4a						◻				◻	◼	◻			
L7a										◻	◼	◻			
L11a						◻				◻	◼	◻			
L11Aa						◻				◻					
L11Ava						◻				◻					
L15a						◻	◼				◼	◻			
L16a					◼	◻				◻	◼				
L19a										◻					
L20a						◻									
L25b						◻				◻		◻			
L28a											◼				
L28Ava						◻				◻	◼	◻			
L29Aa						◻				◻		◼			◼
L30Aa					◼					◻	◼	◻			
L30Ava					◼	◻	◼			◻	◼	◼			
L31Aa					◼	◻				◻	◼	◻			
L31Ava										◻				◼	
L33Aa						◻				◻	◼	◻			
L34Aa				◼	◼	◻	◼				◼	◻			
L35Aa					◼	◻				◻	◼	◻			
L36Aa										◻	◼				
L36Ava										◻	◼				
L37a					◼	◻									
L37Ab					◼	◻									
L37Ava										◻	◼	◼			◼
L38a					◼	◻				◻					
L38Ava					◼	◻									
L39a					◼	◻									
L40a					◼	◻				◻	◼				
L41Aa					◼	◻				◻	◼				
L42Ab						◻					◼				
L43Ab						◻					◼				
L43Avb						◻					◼				
L44Aa										◻	◼	◻			
L45a					◼	◻				◻	◼				

**Anhangstabelle 3 (Fortsetzung): Resistenzmuster der *E. faecalis*-Isolate aus Lebensmitteln**

☐ = sensibel, ◻ = intermediär, ■ = resistent

Bedeutung der Abkürzungen: Pen = Penicillin, Amp = Ampicillin, A/C = Amoxicillin/Clavulansäure, Gen = Gentamicin (Hochresistenz), Tet = Tetrazyklin, Ery = Erythromycin, Tyl = Tylosin, Van = Vancomycin, Tei = Teicoplanin, Enr = Enrofloxacin, Q/D = Quinupristin/Dalfopristin, Chl = Chloramphenicol, Bac = Bacitracin, Fla = Flavomycin, Avi = Avilamycin

Stamm	antimikrobiell wirksame Substanz														
	Pen	Amp	A/C	Gen	Tet	Ery	Tyl	Van	Tei	Enr	Q/D	Chl	Bac	Fla	Avi
L45Aa						◻				◻	■				
L46Aa						◻				◻					
L47a						◻				◻	■				
L47Aa						◻				◻	■				
L47Ava					■					◻	■				
L49Aa						◻				◻	■	◻			
L50Aa					■					◻	■				
L50Ab						◻				◻	■	◻			
L50Ac						◻				◻	■				
L50Ava						◻				◻	■	◻			
L51a					■					◻	■				
L51Aa						◻				◻	■				
L51Ava						◻				◻	■	◻			
L52Aa					■	■	■			◻	■	◻			
L52Ava					■	■	■			◻	■	■			
L54a						◻									
L54Aa					■					◻	■				
L55a						◻				◻	■				
L55Aa						◻				◻	■				
L57Aa						◻				◻	■	◻			
L58Aa						◻				◻	■				
L58Ava						◻				◻	■	◻			
L59Aa						◻				◻	■				
L59Ava						◻				◻	■				
L60a						◻				◻	■				
L60Avb						◻				◻					
L61Aa						◻				◻	■				
L62Aa					■	◻				◻	■				
L63Aa						◻				◻	■				
L64Aa						◻				◻		◻			
L65Aa						◻				◻	■				
L66Aa						◻				◻	■				
L67a						◻				◻					
L67Ava										◻	■				
L71a										◻	■	◻			

**Anhangstabelle 3 (Fortsetzung): Resistenzmuster der *E. faecalis*-Isolate aus Lebensmitteln**

☐ = sensibel, ◻ = intermediär, ■ = resistent

Bedeutung der Abkürzungen: Pen = Penicillin, Amp = Ampicillin, A/C = Amoxicillin/Clavulansäure, Gen = Gentamicin (Hochresistenz), Tet = Tetrazyklin, Ery = Erythromycin, Tyl = Tylosin, Van = Vancomycin, Tei = Teicoplanin, Enr = Enrofloxacin, Q/D = Quinupristin/Dalfopristin, Chl = Chloramphenicol, Bac = Bacitracin, Fla = Flavomycin, Avi = Avilamycin

Stamm	antimikrobiell wirksame Substanz														
	Pen	Amp	A/C	Gen	Tet	Ery	Tyl	Van	Tei	Enr	Q/D	Chl	Bac	Fla	Avi
L72Aa						◻				■					
L74Aa						◻				◻		◻			
L75Ab					■	◻				◻		◻			
L76a						◻				■					
L77b					■	◻				◻					
L78Aa					■	◻				◻		◻	■		
L80a						◻				◻		◻			
L81a					■	◻				◻		■			
L82a					■	■	■			◻		■	■		■
L83a						◻				◻		◻			
L84a						◻				◻		◻			
L85a					■	◻				◻					
L86a										■					
L87a						◻				◻		■			
L88b					■	■	■			◻		■	■		
L89a						◻				◻		◻			
L90Aa						◻				◻		◻			
L92Ab						◻				◻		◻			
L94a					■	◻				◻		■			
L95a					■	◻				◻	◻				
L95vb					■	◻				■	■	■		■	■
L95Ava					■	◻				◻	◻				
L97Aa						◻	■			◻		◻			
L99Aa					■	◻				■		■			
L100a										◻		◻			
L101Aa						◻				■			■		
L102Aa					■	◻				◻		■			
L102Avc					■	◻				◻		◻			
L103Aa					■	◻				◻		◻			
L104a					■					◻		■		■	
L104Aa					■					◻		◻			
L105Aa					■					◻		■			
L105Avc					■	◻				◻		◻			
L106a					■	■	■			◻	◻	■			
L106Ava						◻				◻	■	◻			

**Anhangstabelle 3 (Fortsetzung): Resistenzmuster der *E. faecalis*-Isolate aus Lebensmitteln**

☐ = sensibel, ◻ = intermediär, ■ = resistent

Bedeutung der Abkürzungen: Pen = Penicillin, Amp = Ampicillin, A/C = Amoxicillin/Clavulansäure, Gen = Gentamicin (Hochresistenz), Tet = Tetrazyklin, Ery = Erythromycin, Tyl = Tylosin, Van = Vancomycin, Tei = Teicoplanin, Enr = Enrofloxacin, Q/D = Quinupristin/Dalfopristin, Chl = Chloramphenicol, Bac = Bacitracin, Fla = Flavomycin, Avi = Avilamycin

Stamm	antimikrobiell wirksame Substanz														
	Pen	Amp	A/C	Gen	Tet	Ery	Tyl	Van	Tei	Enr	Q/D	Chl	Bac	Fla	Avi
L107a						◻									
L107Avc					■	■	■						■		
L108a						◻				◻					
L108Ava						◻									
L109a										◻	■	◻			
L110Aa					■					◻	■	◻			
L111a										◻	■	◻			
L114Aa										◻	■	◻			
L116Aa						◻				◻	■	◻			
L118Aa						◻				◻	■	◻			
L120a						◻				◻	■	◻			
L127a						◻				◻	■	◻			
L129a					■						■	◻			
L131Aa						◻				◻	■	◻		■	
L132Aa										◻	■	◻			
L134a					◻					◻	■	◻			
L135Aa										◻	■	◻			
L136a										◻	■	◻			
L139Aa						◻				◻	■	◻			
L140Aa										◻	■	◻			
L141Aa				■	■	■	■			◻	■	◻			
L143Aa					■					◻	■	◻			
L145Aa						◻				◻	■	◻			
L146Aa										◻	■	◻			
L147Aa						◻				◻	■	◻			
L149Aa										◻	■	◻			
L150Aa					■	◻				◻	■	◻			
L153Aa						◻				◻	■	◻			
L158a											■				
L159a						◻				◻	■	◻			
L160a					■					◻	■	◻			
L161a										◻	■	◻			
L162a					■	■	■			◻	■	◻			
L163a					■	■	■				■	■			

**Anhangstabelle 4: Resistenzmuster der *E. faecium* -Isolate vom Rind**

☐ = sensibel, ◐ = intermediär, ◼ = resistent

Bedeutung der Abkürzungen: Pen = Penicillin, Amp = Ampicillin, A/C = Amoxicillin/Clavulansäure, Gen = Gentamicin (Hochresistenz), Tet = Tetrazyklin, Ery = Erythromycin, Tyl = Tylosin, Van = Vancomycin, Tei = Teicoplanin, Enr = Enrofloxacin, Q/D = Quinupristin/Dalfopristin, Chl = Chloramphenicol, Bac = Bacitracin, Fla = Flavomycin, Avi = Avilamycin

Stamm	antimikrobiell wirksame Substanz														
	Pen	Amp	A/C	Gen	Tet	Ery	Tyl	Van	Tei	Enr	Q/D	Chl	Bac	Fla	Avi
R10Kc	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	◐	☐	☐	☐	◐	◐	◐	◐	◐	◐
R12Hd	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	◐	☐	☐	☐	◐	☐	◐	☐	◐	◐
R15HCb	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	◐	◐	◐	◐	☐	☐
R23HCb	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	◐	☐	☐	☐	◐	◐	◐	◐	◐	☐
R43Ka	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	◐	☐	☐	☐	◐	☐	◐	◐	◐	◐
R44Ka	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	◐	☐	☐	☐	◐	☐	◐	◐	◐	◐
R49Kc	☐	☐	☐	☐	◐	☐	☐	☐	☐	◐	☐	◐	◐	◐	◐
R51KCa	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	◐	◐	◐	◐	◐	☐
R59Kb	◐	☐	☐	☐	◐	◐	☐	☐	☐	◐	◐	◐	◐	◐	◐

**Anhangstabelle 5: Resistenzmuster der *E. faecium*-Isolate vom Schwein**

☐ = sensibel, ◻ = intermediär, ◼ = resistent

Bedeutung der Abkürzungen: Pen = Penicillin, Amp = Ampicillin, A/C = Amoxicillin/Clavulansäure, Gen = Gentamicin (Hochresistenz), Tet = Tetrazyklin, Ery = Erythromycin, Tyl = Tylosin, Van = Vancomycin, Tei = Teicoplanin, Enr = Enrofloxacin, Q/D = Quinupristin/Dalfopristin, Chl = Chloramphenicol, Bac = Bacitracin, Fla = Flavomycin, Avi = Avilamycin

Stamm	antimikrobiell wirksame Substanz														
	Pen	Amp	A/C	Gen	Tet	Ery	Tyl	Van	Tei	Enr	Q/D	Chl	Bac	Fla	Avi
S2Kc										◻	◻			◼	
S8HCa						◻					◻			◼	
S11HCa										◻	◼				
S11Ka					◼	◼				◼					◼
S21Kb						◻				◼		◼	◼	◼	◼
S23Kva	◼				◼	◼				◼	◼	◻			
S24Kvb	◼				◼	◼				◻	◼				
S27Hc	◼				◼	◼				◻	◼		◼		
S27HCva	◼				◼	◼				◻	◼				
S27Kc	◼				◼	◼				◼	◼		◼		◼
S29Hc					◼	◼				◻	◼				
S29Kd	◼				◼	◼				◼	◻				
S31HCa					◼	◼				◻	◻				
S33Ha					◼	◻				◻	◼				
S33HCa					◼	◼				◻	◻				
S36KCa	◼				◼	◼				◼		◻			◼
S36KCva	◼				◼	◼				◼		◻			◼
S47Kc	◼				◼	◼				◼		◻			◼
S55KCa					◼	◼				◼		◻			◼
S56KCa					◼	◼				◼		◻			◼
S57HCa					◼	◻				◻	◼				
S57KCa					◼	◼				◼		◻		◼	
S58HCa					◼	◻				◻	◼				
S60KCa					◼	◻				◼	◻	◻			◼
S64Kc					◼	◻				◼	◻	◻			◼
S65Hva					◼	◻				◼	◻	◻			◼
S66Ha					◼	◻				◼		◻			◼
S66Kc					◼	◻				◼	◻	◻		◼	◼
S66Kvb					◼	◻				◼	◻	◻		◼	◼
S69Ha					◼	◻				◻	◻	◻		◼	
S75KCa					◼	◻				◻	◻	◻		◼	◼
S79HCa	◼				◼	◻				◼		◻		◼	
S79Kc					◼	◻				◼		◻		◼	◼
S89Ka					◼	◻				◼		◻		◼	◼
S94Ka	◼	◼	◼		◼	◼				◼	◼	◻		◼	◼

**Anhangstabelle 6: Resistenzmuster der *E. faecium* -Isolate aus Lebensmitteln**

☐ = sensibel, ◐ = intermediär, ◼ = resistent

Bedeutung der Abkürzungen: Pen = Penicillin, Amp = Ampicillin, A/C = Amoxicillin/Clavulansäure, Gen = Gentamicin (Hochresistenz), Tet = Tetrazyklin, Ery = Erythromycin, Tyl = Tylosin, Van = Vancomycin, Tei = Teicoplanin, Enr = Enrofloxacin, Q/D = Quinupristin/Dalfopristin, Chl = Chloramphenicol, Bac = Bacitracin, Fla = Flavomycin, Avi = Avilamycin

Stamm	antimikrobiell wirksame Substanz														
	Pen	Amp	A/C	Gen	Tet	Ery	Tyl	Van	Tei	Enr	Q/D	Chl	Bac	Fla	Avi
L4d						◐				◼	◼	◐	◼	◼	◼
L15c						◼				◼	◼				◼
L18Aa						◼				◼	◼	◐			◼
L24Aa						◐				◼				◼	
L26a	◼				◼	◐				◐	◐	◐		◼	
L27Ab						◐				◼		◐		◼	
L27Ava						◐				◼				◼	
L28Avc						◐				◐	◐	◐		◼	
L32Aa						◐				◼				◼	
L32Ava						◐				◐				◼	
L34Ab					◼	◐				◐				◼	
L48Aa						◐				◐				◼	◼
L48Ava						◐				◐				◼	◼
L54Ab						◼				◼				◼	
L60Ava						◐				◼				◼	
L80b						◐					◼			◼	
L106Avb					◼	◐	◼			◐	◐		◼	◼	
L110Ab					◼	◐				◐	◼			◼	
L148Aa					◼	◐				◼			◼	◼	
L150Ac					◼	◐				◼			◼	◼	
L151Aa						◼				◼		◼	◼	◼	◼
L152Aa					◼	◐				◼			◼	◼	
L154Aa						◼					◼			◼	
L155Aa						◼				◐	◐		◼	◼	
L156Aa						◼				◐	◐			◼	
L157Aa						◼				◐	◐		◼	◼	