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DISSERTATION

Neurotrophinerge Wirkung auf die postnatale Umkehr der GABA-Wirkung

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Inhaltsverzeichnis

1. EINLEITUNG	5
1.1 Das GABAerge Neurotransmittersystem	5
1.2 GABAerge synaptische Transmission im <i>Colliculus superior</i>	8
1.3 GABA als trophischer Faktor der Gehirnentwicklung.....	10
1.5 Die Funktion von Brain-Derived Neurotrophic Factor (BDNF)	13
1.6 Die Entwicklung der GABAergen Neurotransmission – die Rolle von BDNF	17
1.7 Die Funktion von BDNF im <i>Colliculus superior</i>	19
1.8 Aufgabenstellung.....	21
2. MATERIAL UND METHODEN	23
2.1 Tiere und Präparation	23
2.2 Genotypisierung	24
2.3 Chemikalien und Lösungen	25
2.4 Elektrophysiologie	25
2.5 Fluoreszenzmessungen.....	27
2.6 Semiquantitative RT-PCR.....	28
2.7 Immunhistochemie	30
2.8 Statistik.....	31
3. ERGEBNISSE.....	32
3.1 GABA-induzierte Ströme in <i>bdnf+/+</i> -und <i>bdnf/-/-</i> -Neuronen zeigen unterschiedliche Umkehrpotentiale.....	32
3.2 Neurone des CS verlieren ihre GABA-induzierten Kalziumsignale zum Zeitpunkt P1	34
3.3 Das chronische Fehlen von BDNF verzögert den Zeitpunkt der entwicklungsabhängigen Umkehr der GABA-Wirkung	36
3.4 Die verzögerte Entwicklung der GABAergen Inhibition in <i>bdnf/-/-</i> Neuronen kann durch exogenes BDNF normalisiert werden	38
3.5 Die Expression der GABA _A R Subtypen und der Chloridtransporterproteine zeigt keinen genotypabhängigen Unterschied	39
3.6 Der chronische Mangel an BDNF beeinträchtigt die Translokation von KCC2 in die Plasmamembran	41

4. DISKUSSION	44
4.1 Die Mechanismen der GABA-induzierten Kalziumsignale	44
4.2 Die spätembryonale und postnatale neuronale Chlorid-Homöostase.....	45
4.3 Die Wirkung von BDNF auf die entwicklungsabhängige Regulation von $E_{(GABA)}$	48
4.4 Funktionelle Auswirkungen auf die inhibitorische Synaptogenese im CS.	50
4.5 Grenzen des methodischen Ansatzes	51
4.6 Klinische Relevanz der Ergebnisse	52
5. ZUSAMMENFASSUNG	55
A. Danksagung	57
B. Literaturverzeichnis	58
C. Eigene Veröffentlichungen	79
D. Abkürzungsverzeichnis	80
E. Lebenslauf	82
F. Selbständigkeitserklärung	83

5. Zusammenfassung

Die schnelle postsynaptische Hemmung durch GABA führt zumeist zu Chlorideinstrom durch den anionenselektiven GABA_A-Kanal und dadurch zu Hyperpolarisation. Hyperpolarisation tritt jedoch nur auf, wenn die intrazelluläre Chloridkonzentration durch den neuronalen K-Cl-Cotransporter KCC2 unter das Gleichgewichtspotential erniedrigt wird, so dass eine Triebkraft für Chlorideinstrom besteht. Da dieser Transporter aber erst im Laufe der Entwicklung auftritt, bewirkt GABA bei Säugern zunächst noch eine Depolarisation. Dieser depolarisierenden GABA Wirkung wird eine wichtige Rolle in der Synaptogenese zugeschrieben.

In der vorliegenden Arbeit wurde der Einfluss des chronischen Fehlens des Neurotrophins BDNF auf die entwicklungsabhängige Regulation von KCC2 untersucht, die bisher kontrovers diskutiert wurde. Neuronale GABA_A-Rezeptor-Aktivität wurde in akuten Schnittpräparaten der spätembryonalen und früh postnatalen SGS des *Colliculus superior* charakterisiert und in Präparationen von Wildtyp- (*bdnf+/+*) und BDNF-defizienten (*bdnf/-*) Mäusen verglichen. Ganzzell- oder Gramicidin-peforierte Patch-Ableitungen und Kalziumfluoreszenz-Messungen wurden durchgeführt, um Membranpotentiale, Umkehrpotentiale der GABA-induzierten Ströme ($E_{(GABA)}$), beziehungsweise GABA-induzierte Kalziumsignale zu messen. Exogen appliziertes GABA war in der Lage, Neurone des Wildtyps bis zum postnatalen Tag (P) 1 zu depolarisieren. Zum Zeitpunkt P2 zeigten *bdnf+/+*- und *bdnf/-*-Neurone einen signifikanten Unterschied in $E_{(GABA)}$, mit positiveren Werten in *bdnf/-*-Mäusen. Das chronische Fehlen von BDNF verzögerte den Verlust der depolarisierenden GABA-Wirkung. Zwischen P1 und P3 zeigten die GABA-induzierten Kalziumfluoreszenzsignale in *bdnf/-*-Mäusen höhere Amplituden. In jedem getesteten Alter (von P0 bis P8), fehlte den Neuronen des Wildtyps mRNA des Cl⁻ Transporters NKCC1, wogegen mRNA für KCC2 immer vorhanden war. Es zeigte sich, dass der Verlust der depolarisierenden GABA-Wirkung zum Zeitpunkt P2 in der *bdnf+/+*-Präparation mit einem Anstieg der KCC2-Immunoreaktivität in der Plasmamembran assoziiert war. Im Gegensatz dazu zeigten *bdnf/-*-Neurone ein mehr diffuses KCC2-Verteilungsmuster über das gesamte Cytosol. Als Schlussfolgerung beschleunigt das Vorhandensein von BDNF das Verschwinden der depolarisierenden GABA-Wirkung über eine Stimulation der KCC2-

Insertion in die neuronale Plasmamembran. Das Fehlen von BDNF verlängert somit das Zeitfenster, in dem GABA depolarisierend wirkt.

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C. Eigene Veröffentlichungen

Beiträge in wissenschaftlichen Zeitschriften:

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Abstrakta:

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D. Abkürzungsverzeichnis

ACh	Acetylcholin
ACSF	künstlicher Liquor (artificial cerebrospinal fluid)
AMPA	(S)- α -Amino-3-Hydroxy-5-Methyl-4-isoxazolepropionsäure
BDNF	brain derived neurotrophic factor
$[Ca^{2+}]_i$	intrazelluläre Kalziumkonzentration
$[Cl^-]_i$	intrazelluläre Chloridkonzentration
CS	<i>Colliculus superior</i>
DAG	Diacylglycerol
$E_{(GABA)}$	Gleichgewichtspotential GABA-induzierter Ströme
eIPSC	evozierter inhibitorischer postsynaptischer Strom
GABA	γ -Aminobuttersäure
GABAR	GABA-Rezeptor
GAD	Glutamat-Decarboxylase
IGF	Insulin-like growth factor
IP ₃	Inositoltriphosphat
IPSC	inhibitorischer postsynaptischer Strom
KCC	Kalium-Chlorid-Kotransporter
LTP	Langzeitpotenzierung
MAPK	mitogen-aktivierte Proteinkinase
mIPSC	Miniatur-IPSC
NKCC	Natrium-Kalium-Chlorid-Kotransporter
NMDA	N-Methyl-D-Aspartat
NT	Neurotrophin
PCR	Polymerasekettenreaktion

PKC	Proteinkinase C
PLC	Phospholipase C
PNS	peripheres Nervensystem
p75 ^{NTR}	P75-Neurotrophinrezeptor
RT-PCR	reverse Transkriptase Polymerasekettenreaktion
RGZ	retinale Ganglienzelle
SGS	<i>Stratum griseum superficiale</i>
sIPSC	spontaner inhibitorischer postsynaptischer Strom
SOp	<i>Stratum opticum</i>
TNF	Tumornekrosefaktor
TrkA,TrkB,TrkC	Tyrosinkinase-A,-B und -C
VACC	spannungsaktivierte Kalziumkanäle
ZNS	zentrales Nervensystem

E. Lebenslauf

„Mein Lebenslauf wird aus Datenschutzgründen in der elektronischen Version meiner Arbeit nicht mit veröffentlicht.“

F. Selbständigkeitserklärung

„Ich, Jan Akyeli, erkläre, dass ich die vorgelegte Dissertationsschrift mit dem Thema: Neurotrophinerge Wirkung auf die postnatale Umkehr der GABA-Wirkung, selbst verfasst und keine anderen als die angegebenen Quellen und Hilfsmittel benutzt, ohne die (unzulässige) Hilfe Dritter verfasst und auch in Teilen keine Kopien anderer Arbeiten dargestellt habe.“

Berlin, den 2.9.2006