

6. Abkürzungen und Erklärungen

ACC	American College of Cardiology
ACE	angiotensin-converting-enzym
AHA	American Heart Association
Ala	Alanin
Asp	Asparagin
Atm	Atmosphäre (1atm = 101325 N/m²)
bp	Basenpaare (basepairs)
BMI	Body-Mass-Index
bzw.	beziehungsweise
cDNA	copy-DNA
CAAS	Cardiologic Angiographic Analysis System
CAPTURE-Studie	c7E3 Fab antiplatelet therapy in unstable refractory angina Study
DNA	desoxyribonucleic acid
DCA	directional atherektomie
ECAT-AP-Studie	European-Concerted-Action-on-Thrombosis-Angina-Pectoris Study
EDTA	Ethylenediaminetetraacetat
EPIC-Studie	Evaluation of c7E3 for the prevention of ischiamic complications Study.
EPILOG-Studie	Evaluation in PTCA to improve the long-term outcome with abciximab gp IIb/IIIa blockade Study.
FGF	fibroblast growth factor
Gln	Aminosäuresquenz aus Lysin-Glutamin-Alanin-Glycin-Aspargin-Valin
Gp IIb/IIIa	Glykoprotein IIb/IIIa
hFGF	human fibroblast growth factor
ICAM	Intracellular adhesion molecule

Abkürzungen und Erklärungen (Fortsetzung)

i.d.R.	In der Regel
IVUS	Intravaskulärer Ultraschall
Kd	Kilodalton
KG	Körpergewicht
KHK	koronare Herzkrankheit
LMA	Left main coronary artery
LIBS	Ligand binding sites
serol.	serologisch
MLD	minimaler luminaler diameter
MI	Myokardinfarkt
MONICA-Studie	Monitoring of Trends and Determinants in Cardiovascular Disease
mRNA	messanger ribonucleic acid
oxLDL	oxidiertes low density lipoproteins
OD	optische Dichte
PCR	polymerase chain reaction
PDGF	platelet-derived growth factor
PI ^{A1/A2}	platelet antigen 1/2
PTCA	percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty
QCA	quantitative coronary angiography
OARS-Studie	Optimal Atherectomy Restenosis Study
RD	reference diameter
RCA	Right coronary artery
RCX	Ramus circumflexus
RIVA	Ramus interventricularis anterior
RNA	ribonucleic acid
RFLP	restriction fragment length polymorphism
Rehologie	mechanischem Verhalten fester beziehungsweise zähflüssiger Körper

Abkürzungen und Erklärungen (Fortsetzung)

rpm	rounds p er m inute
TGF- β	transforming g rowth f actor- β
TMLR	transmyokardiale L aser- R evaskularisation
TRIS	T r i s-Borat-EDTA-Puffer
Val	V al i n
VCAM-1	V ascular c ell a dhesion m olecule 1
VEGF	V ascular e ndothelial g rowth f actor
WHO	W orld H ealth O rganisation
zw.	z wischen
z.B.	z um B eispiel