

Odor coding and neural plasticity in the mushroom body of the honeybee

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- I. Population sparsening and temporal sharpening of olfactory representations in the honeybee mushroom bodies

P. Szyszka, M. Ditzen, A. Galkin, C.G. Galizia and R. Menzel

- II. Associative odor learning in honeybees strengthens Kenyon cell activity in the mushroom body

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The contribution of the different authors was as follows:

- I. I performed all experiments for PN bouton and KC measurements in the MB, performed all data analysis and wrote the manuscript. M. Ditzen performed some of the measurements of glomerular activity in the AL. A. Galkin calculated how many PN boutons have to be activated for one KC to fire. Experimental studies, data analysis and the manuscript were discussed with C.G. Galizia and R. Menzel.
- II. I performed all experiments and all data analysis, and wrote the manuscript. Statistical analyses were discussed with A. Galkin. Experimental studies, data analysis and the manuscript were discussed with C.G. Galizia and R. Menzel.

Table of Contents

Introduction.....	1
The olfactory system as a model for the study of neural coding and neural plasticity	1
The role of olfaction and odor mediated behaviors	2
Characteristics of olfactory stimuli.....	3
Architecture of olfactory systems	4
Odor coding	6
Experience dependent plasticity of the olfactory system.....	7
The goal of the thesis	8
References.....	10

Chapter I

Population sparsening and temporal sharpening of olfactory representations in the honeybee mushroom bodies.....	15
Summary	15
Introduction.....	15
Material and Methods	18
<i>In vivo</i> bee preparation and dye loading	18
Odor stimulation and imaging	19
Data analysis	20
Results.....	22
Response properties of l-ACT PN dendrites (AL glomeruli)	22
Response properties of l-ACT PN boutons (MB calyx)	24
Response properties of cKC (MB calyx)	26
Sparsening of the population code in the MB.....	28
Change in response dynamics.....	29
Discussion.....	33
Methodological aspects and signal source.....	33
Transformation of odor coding within l-ACT PNs: dendrites to boutons	34
Transformation from l-ACT PNs to cKCs: population sparsening	35
Transformation from l-ACT PNs to cKCs: temporal sharpening.....	36
Acknowledgments.....	38
References.....	39

Chapter II

Associative odor learning in honeybees strengthens Kenyon cell activity in the mushroom body	43
Summary	43
Introduction.....	43
Material and Methods	46
Living bee preparation and dye loading.....	46
Stimulation and imaging	46
Data analysis	47

Results.....	48
Odor responses.....	48
Reward effects	50
Learning effects on CS+ and CS- representations	52
Discussion.....	56
Properties of clawed Kenyon cell responses.....	56
Clawed Kenyon cells are coincidence detectors for CS and US	56
Clawed Kenyon cells show associative plasticity.....	57
A model of mushroom body function in odor learning	58
Conclusions.....	61
Acknowledgments.....	62
References.....	63
Chapter III	
2-photon laser scanning microscopy in the living honeybee.....	67
Introduction.....	67
Materials and Methods.....	68
Stimulation and imaging	69
Data analysis	70
Results and Discussion	70
Methodological considerations	70
Imaging neural activity - Electrically evoked Ca ²⁺ signals	75
Imaging neural activity - Odor evoked Ca ²⁺ signals.....	76
Outlook	79
Acknowledgments.....	80
References.....	81
General Discussion	82
References.....	86
Summary	88
Zusammenfassung.....	90
Danksagung.....	92
Lebenslauf.....	93

Figure index

Figure 1.1	The olfactory pathway in the bee brain.....	17
Figure 1.2	Response properties of l-ACT projection neurons.....	24
Figure 1.3	Response profiles of l-ACT projection neuron dendrites and boutons	25
Figure 1.4	Response properties of clawed Kenyon cells.....	27
Figure 1.5	Progressive sparsening of population responses in the MB.....	29
Figure 1.6	Sharpening of response dynamics in the MB	31
Figure 1.7	Model of odor processing in the MB input.....	32
Figure 2.1	Imaging of clawed Kenyon cells.....	49
Figure 2.2	Clawed Kenyon cells are sensitive to the coincidence of odor and reward	51
Figure 2.3	Clawed Kenyon cell responses before and after odor learning.....	53
Figure 2.4	Response strength of clawed Kenyon cells shows learning induced changes.....	55
Figure 2.5	Model of mushroom body function in odor learning.....	59
Figure 3.1	Calcium Green-1 staining of the MB calyx	72
Figure 3.2	Fura-2 staining of the MB calyx	74
Figure 3.3	Fast Ca ²⁺ imaging of KCs	76
Figure 3.4	High resolution Ca ²⁺ imaging of KC dendrites in the lip neuropil	78

Abbreviations

2PLSM	2-photon laser scanning microscopy
AL	antennal lobe
cAMP	cyclic adenosine monophosphate
CCK	cholecystokinin
cKC	clawed Kenyon cell
CS	conditioned stimulus
CS-	unrewarded CS
CS+	rewarded CS
F	fluorescence
GABA	g-aminobutyric acid
KC	Kenyon cell
l-ACT	lateral antenno-cerebral tract
LH	lateral horn
LN	local neuron
m-ACT	medial antenno-cerebral tract
MB	mushroom body
MTC	mitral/tufted cell
OB	olfactory bulb
OC	olfactory cortex
ORN	olfactory receptor neuron
PC	pyramidal cell
PER	proboscis extension reflex
PKA	protein kinase A
PN	projection neuron
SEM	standard error of the mean
US	unconditioned stimulus
VUM	ventral unpaired median
LTP	long term potentiation