

# Appendix C

## Modified Shepard interpolation

The modified Shepard interpolation of the potential at some point  $\mathbf{X}$  is given by the weighted sum over all ab initio points  $j$  [153]:

$$U(\mathbf{X}) \approx \sum_j W_j(\mathbf{X}) U_j(\mathbf{X}), \quad (\text{C.1})$$

where the weights are given by:

$$W_j(\mathbf{X}) = \frac{w_j(\mathbf{X})}{\sum_k w_k(\mathbf{X})}, \quad (\text{C.2})$$

$$w_j(\mathbf{X}) = \left[ (\mathbf{X} - \mathbf{X}^{(j)})^2 \right]^{-p}. \quad (\text{C.3})$$

Here  $\mathbf{X}^{(j)}$  are the ab initio points and the formal arbitrary exponent  $p$  controls the smoothness of the interpolation. (As suggested in Ref. [43] a value  $p = 21$  is chosen.) Let  $U^{(j)}$ ,  $\mathbf{G}^{(j)}$  and  $\mathbf{H}^{(j)}$  be the potential energy, the gradient and the Hessian at ab initio point  $\mathbf{X}^{(j)}$ , respectively, then the contribution of each point is given by:

$$U_j(\mathbf{X}) = U^{(j)} + \mathbf{G}^{(j)} \cdot (\mathbf{X} - \mathbf{X}^{(j)}) + \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{X} - \mathbf{X}^{(j)}) \mathbf{H}^{(j)} (\mathbf{X} - \mathbf{X}^{(j)}). \quad (\text{C.4})$$

Neglecting changes in the weights, the first and second derivatives can be obtained by using weighted sums of:

$$\mathbf{G}_j(\mathbf{X}) = \mathbf{G}^{(j)} + \mathbf{H}^{(j)} (\mathbf{X} - \mathbf{X}^{(j)}), \quad (\text{C.5})$$

$$\mathbf{H}_j(\mathbf{X}) = \mathbf{H}^{(j)}, \quad (\text{C.6})$$

i.e., by using formula Eq. (C.1) and replacing the symbol  $U$  by  $\mathbf{G}$  and  $\mathbf{H}$ , respectively. The molecular dipole moment can be inter- and extrapolated in a similar fashion, that is, the potential value  $U$  and the gradient  $\mathbf{G}$  has to be replaced by the related values for the dipoles  $\mu_\alpha$  for each direction  $\alpha = x, y, \text{ or } z$ . The Hessian of the dipole moment is not taken into account, thus the dipole surface is exact on the reaction plane and linearly approximated orthogonal to the reaction plane.

